

CLAIMS

1. A method of simultaneously detecting at least one Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) antigen and at least one HCV antibody in a test sample comprising the steps of:

- a) contacting said test sample with: 1) at least one HCV viral antigen or portion thereof coated on a solid phase, for a time and under conditions sufficient for the formation of antibody/antigen complexes and 2) at least one antibody to HCV or portion thereof coated on said solid phase, for a time and under conditions sufficient for the formation of antigen/antibody complexes;
- b) detecting said antibody/antigen complexes, presence of said complexes indicating presence of HCV antigen in said test sample; and
- c) detecting said antigen/antibody complexes, presence of said complexes indicating presence of HCV antibody in said test sample.

2. The method of claim 1 wherein said at least one HCV antigen coated on the solid phase is selected from the group consisting of core antigen, NS3, NS4, NS5, and portions thereof.

3. The method of claim 2 wherein said at least one antibody coated on said solid phase is a monoclonal antibody selected from the group consisting of 13-959-270, 14-1269-281, 14-1287-252, 14-153-234, 14-153-462, 5 14-1705-225, 14-1708-269, 14-1708-403, 14-178-125, 14-188-104, 14-283-112, 14-635-225, 14-726-217, 14-886-216, 14-947-104, 14-945-218, 107-35-54, 110-81-17, 13-

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975-157, 14-1350-210, C11-3, C11-7, C11-10, C11-14 and C11-15.

4. The method of claim 3 wherein said at least 5 one antibody coated on the solid phase is not reactive with said at least one antigen coated on the solid phase.

5. The method of claim 1 wherein said at least 10 one antibody is a HCV anti-core monoclonal antibody and said at least one antigen is a recombinant HCV core protein.

6. The method of claim 5 wherein said 15 recombinant core protein does not contain epitopes to which said anti-core monoclonal antibody binds.

7. The method of claim 1 wherein said solid phase 20 is a microparticle.

8. A method for simultaneously detecting the presence of at least one HCV antigen and at least one HCV antibody in a test sample comprising the steps of:

25 a) contacting said test sample with: 1) at least one HCV viral antigen or portion thereof coated on a solid phase, for a time and under conditions sufficient for the formation of antibody/antigen complexes and 2) at least one HCV antibody or portion thereof coated on 30 said solid phase, for a time and under conditions sufficient for the formation of antigen/antibody complexes;

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b) adding a conjugate to the resulting antibody/antigen complexes for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow said conjugate to bind to the bound antibody in (a) (1), wherein said conjugate 5 comprises a second antibody attached to a chemiluminescent compound capable of generating a detectable signal and simultaneously adding a second conjugate to the resulting antigen/antibody complexes for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow 10 said conjugate to bind to the bound antigen in (a) (2), wherein said conjugate comprises a third antibody attached to said chemiluminescent compound capable of generating a detectable signal; and

c) detecting said generated signal, presence of 15 said signal indicating presence of at least one antigen in said test sample selected from the group consisting of HCV antigen and HCV antibody.

9. The method of claim 8 wherein said at least one HCV antigen coated on the solid phase is selected from the group consisting of core antigen, NS3, NS4, NS5, and portions thereof.

10. The method of claim 9 wherein said at least
20 one antibody coated on said solid phase is a monoclonal
antibody selected from the group consisting of 13-959-
270, 14-1269-281, 14-1287-25, 14-153-234, 14-153-462,
14-1705-225, 14-1708-269, 14-1708-403, 14-178-125, 14-
188-104, 14-283-112, 14-635-225, 14-726-217, 14-886-
25 216, 14-947-104, 14-945-218, 13-975-157 and 14-1350-
210, 107-35-54, 110-81-17, C11-3, C11-7, C11-10, C11-14
and C11-15.

11. The method of claim 10 wherein said at least
one monoclonal antibody coated on the solid phase is
not reactive with said at least one antigen coated on
5 the solid phase.

12. A kit comprising:

- 10 a) a container containing at least one HCV antigen
coated on a solid phase; and
- b) a container containing at least one HCV
antibody coated on a solid phase.

13. A kit comprising:

- 15 a container containing: 1) at least one HCV
antigen coated on a solid phase and 2) at least one HCV
antibody, coated on said solid phase.

14. The kit of claim 12 or claim 13 further
comprising at least one conjugate comprising a signal-
20 generating compound attached.

15. The kit of claim 14 wherein said signal-
generating compound is acridinium.

25 16. A method of detecting at least one HCV antigen
in a test sample comprising the steps of:

- 30 a) contacting said test sample with at least
one HCV antibody coated on a solid phase, for a time
and under conditions sufficient for the formation of
antibody/antigen complexes; and

125 b) detecting the presence of antibody/antigen complexes, presence of said complexes indicating presence of said at least one HCV antigen in said test sample.

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130 17. A method of detecting at least one HCV antigen in a test sample comprising the steps of:

135 a) contacting said test sample with at least one HCV antibody coated on a solid phase, for a time and under conditions sufficient for the formation of antibody/antigen complexes;

140 b) adding a conjugate to the resulting antibody/antigen complexes for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow said conjugate to bind to the bound at least one antibody, wherein said conjugate comprises a second antibody attached to a chemiluminescent compound capable of generating a detectable signal; and

145 20 c) detecting said signal generated by said chemiluminescent compound, a signal generated by said chemiluminescent compound indicating the presence of at least one HCV antigen in said test sample.

150 25 18. A recombinant protein comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:16, and conservative amino acid substitutions thereof.

155 30 19. A recombinant protein comprising an amino acid

sequence encoded by a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of, for example, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:11 and SEQ ID NO:15.

5 20. A vector or construct comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:11 and SEQ ID NO:15.

10 21. A host cell comprising said vector or construct of claim 20.

15 22. An immunoassay which simultaneously detects at least one HCV antigen and at least one HCV antibody in a test sample.